

New Brighton Primary School.

Behaviour Policy

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Signed by:

Headteacher Date:

Chair of governors Date:

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Statement of Intent

New Brighton Primary School believes that, in order to facilitate teaching and learning, acceptable behaviour must be demonstrated in all aspects of school life. The school is committed to:

- Promoting desired behaviour.
- Promoting self-esteem, self-discipline, proper regard for authority, and positive relationships based on mutual respect.
- Ensuring equality and fair treatment for all.
- Praising and rewarding good behaviour.
- Challenging and disciplining misbehaviour.
- Providing a safe environment free from disruption, violence, discrimination, bullying and any form of harassment.
- Encouraging positive relationships with parents.
- Developing positive relationships with pupils to enable early intervention.
- A shared approach which involves pupils in the implementation of the school's policy and associated procedures.
- Promoting a culture of praise and encouragement in which all pupils can achieve.

Reasonable and proportionate sanctions will be used where a pupil's behaviour falls below the standard that is expected, alongside support to prevent recurring misbehaviour.

The school acknowledges that behaviour can sometimes be the result of educational needs, mental health issues, or other needs or vulnerabilities, and will address these needs via an individualised graduated response.

To help reduce the likelihood of behavioural issues related to social, emotional or mental health (SEMH), the school will aim to create a safe and calm environment in which positive mental health and wellbeing are promoted and pupils are taught to be resilient. The school will aim to promote resilience as part of a whole-school approach using the following methods:

- **Culture, ethos and environment** the health and wellbeing of pupils and staff is promoted through the informal curriculum, including leadership practice, policies, values and attitudes, alongside the social and physical environment
- **Teaching** the curriculum is used to develop pupils' knowledge about health and wellbeing
- **Community engagement** the school proactively engages with parents, outside agencies and the wider community to promote consistent support for pupils' health and wellbeing

All staff will be made aware of how potentially traumatic adverse childhood experiences, including abuse and neglect, can impact on a pupil's mental health, behaviour, and education. Where vulnerable pupils or groups are identified, provision will be made to support and promote their positive mental health. The school's Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Policy outlines the specific procedures that will be used to assess these pupils for any SEMH-related difficulties that could affect their behaviour.

1. Legal framework

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and statutory guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- Education Act 1996
- Education Act 2002
- Equality Act 2010
- Education and Inspections Act 2006
- Health Act 2006
- Voyeurism (Offences) Act 2019
- The School Information (England) Regulations 2008
- DfE (2022) 'Behaviour in schools: advice for headteachers and school staff'
- DfE (2022) 'Keeping children safe in education 2022'
- DfE (2021) 'Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges'
- DfE (2018) 'Mental health and behaviour in schools'
- DfE (2015) 'Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0 to 25 years'
- DfE (2013) 'Use of reasonable force'
- DfE (2022) 'Searching, screening and confiscation: advice for schools'

This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Policy
- Complaints Procedures Policy
- Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy
- Suspension and Exclusion Policy
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy

2. Roles and responsibilities

The governing board will have overall responsibility for:

- Making a statement of behaviour principles, and providing guidance for the headteacher on promoting good behaviour where appropriate.
- Ensuring that this policy, as written, does not discriminate on any grounds, including, but not limited to, age, disability, gender reassignment, gender identity, marriage and civil partnership, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.
- Promoting a whole-school culture where calm, dignity and structure encompass every space and activity.
- Handling complaints regarding this policy, as outlined in the school's Complaints Procedures Policy.
- Ensuring this policy is published on the school website.

The headteacher will be responsible for:

• The monitoring and implementation of this policy and of the behaviour procedures at the school. This includes monitoring the policy's effectiveness in addressing any SEMH-related drivers of poor behaviour.

- Acting in accordance with the statement of behaviour principles made by the governing board, and having any regard to guidance provided by the governing board on promoting good behaviour.
- Establishing high expectations of pupils' conduct and behaviour, and implementing measures to achieve this.
- Determining the school rules and any disciplinary sanctions for breaking the rules.
- The day-to-day implementation of this policy.
- Publicising this policy in writing to staff, parents and pupils at least once a year.
- Reporting to the governing board on the implementation of this policy, including its effectiveness in addressing any SEMH-related issues that could be driving disruptive behaviour.

The senior mental health lead will be responsible for:

- Overseeing the whole-school approach to mental health, including how this is reflected in this policy, how staff are supported with managing pupils with SEMH-related behavioural difficulties, and how the school engages pupils and parents with regards to the behaviour of pupils with SEMH difficulties.
- Supporting behaviour management in line with the SEMH Policy.

The SENDCo will be responsible for:

- Collaborating with the governing board, headteacher and the senior mental health lead, as part of the SLT, to determine the strategic development of behaviour and SEMH policies and provisions in the school.
- Undertaking day-to-day responsibilities for the successful operation of the behaviour and SEMH policies to support pupils with SEND, in line with the school's Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy.
- Supporting teachers in the further assessment of a pupil's strengths and areas for improvement and advising on the effective implementation of support.

Teaching staff will be responsible for:

- Planning and reviewing support for pupils with behavioural difficulties in collaboration with parents, the SENDCo and, where appropriate, the pupils themselves.
- Aiming to teach all pupils the full curriculum, whatever their prior attainment.
- Planning lessons to address potential areas of difficulty to ensure that there are no barriers to every pupil achieving their full potential, and that every pupil with behavioural difficulties will be able to study the full national curriculum.
- Teaching and modelling expected behaviour and positive relationships, demonstrating good habits.
- Being responsible and accountable for the progress and development of the pupils in their class.
- Not tolerating disruption and taking proportionate action to restore acceptable standards of behaviour.

All members of staff, including teaching and support staff, and volunteers will be responsible for:

- Adhering to this policy and applying it consistently and fairly.
- Supporting pupils in adhering to this policy.
- Promoting a supportive and high-quality learning environment.
- Modelling high levels of behaviour.
- Being aware of the signs of behavioural difficulties.
- Setting high expectations for every pupil.
- Being aware of the needs, outcomes sought, and support provided to any pupils with specific behavioural needs.
- Keeping the relevant figures of authority up-to-date with any changes in behaviour. The relevant figures of authority include:
 - SENDCo. Headteacher.
 - Senior Leadership Team
 - Senior Management Team
 - Subject leader.
- As authorised by the headteacher, sanctioning pupils who display poor levels of behaviour.

Pupils will be responsible for:

- Their own behaviour both inside school and out in the wider community.
- Reporting any unacceptable behaviour to a member of staff.

Parents will be responsible for:

- Supporting their child in adhering to the school rules and reinforcing this at home.
- Informing the school of any changes in circumstances which may affect their child's behaviour.

3. Definitions

For the purposes of this policy, the school will define "serious unacceptable behaviour" as any behaviour which may cause harm to oneself or others, damage the reputation of the school within the wider community, and/or any illegal behaviour. This will include, but is not limited to, the following:

- **Discrimination** not giving equal respect to an individual on the basis of age, disability, gender identity, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, and sexual orientation
- **Harassment** behaviour towards others which is unwanted, offensive and affects the dignity of the individual or group of individuals
- **Vexatious behaviour** deliberately acting in a manner so as to cause annoyance or irritation
- **Bullying** a type of harassment which involves personal abuse or persistent actions which humiliate, intimidate, frighten or demean the individual being bullied

- **Cyberbullying** the use of electronic communication to bully a person, typically by sending messages of an intimidating or threatening nature
- Possession of legal or illegal drugs, alcohol or tobacco
- Possession of banned items
- Truancy and running away from school
- Refusing to comply with disciplinary sanctions
- Theft
- Verbal abuse, including swearing, racist remarks and threatening language
- Fighting and aggression
- Persistent disobedience or disruptive behaviour
- Extreme behaviour, such as violence and serious vandalism
- Any behaviour that threatens safety or presents a serious danger
- Any behaviour that seriously inhibits the learning of pupils
- Any behaviour that requires the immediate attention of a staff member

For the purposes of this policy, the school will define "low-level unacceptable behaviour" as any behaviour which may disrupt the education of the perpetrator and/or other pupils, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Lateness
- Low-level disruption and talking in class
- Failure to complete classwork
- Rudeness
- Lack of correct equipment
- Refusing to complete homework, incomplete homework, or arriving at school without homework
- Disruption on public transport
- Use of mobile phones without permission
- Graffiti

"Low-level unacceptable behaviour" may be escalated to "serious unacceptable behaviour", depending on the severity of the behaviour.

Staff induction, development and support

All new staff will be inducted clearly into the school's behaviour culture to ensure they understand its rules and routines and how best to support all pupils to participate in creating the culture of the school. Staff will be provided with bespoke training, where necessary, on the needs of pupils at the school to enable behaviour to be managed consistently.

The SLT will consider any appropriate training which is required for staff to meet their duties and functions in accordance with this policy, including on understanding matters which may affect a pupil's behaviour, e.g. SEND and mental health needs.

Members of staff who have, or are aspiring to have, responsibilities for leading behaviour or supporting pupil wellbeing will be supported to undertake any relevant training or qualifications.

The SLT and the headteacher will review staff training needs annually, and in response to any serious or persistent behaviour issues disrupting the running of the school.

4. Managing behaviour

Instances of unacceptable behaviour will be taken seriously and dealt with immediately. Staff will respond promptly, predictably and with confidence to maintain a calm, safe learning environment using a restorative approach- pupils displaying disruptive behaviour will be given options using the language of choice (e.g. 'You can finish your work now or complete it in reflection time during break') Staff will consider afterwards how to prevent such behaviour from recurring Staff will follow the behaviour escalation ladders (appendix 2) to support with managing persistent disruptive behaviour. Behavioural incidents beyond one off low-level disruption will be recorded on the school MIS (CPOMS) by the member of staff dealing with the incident. As part of school's restorative behaviour approach incidents will be recorded in the following way:

Behaviour:

This is can be split into two further categories, **Bullying** and **RSH** (Racial, Sexual and Homophobic)

Bullying:

• Bullying is the repetitive, intentional hurting of one person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power. It can happen face to face or online

RSH:

- Zero tolerance
- Verbal or physical
- Can not be excused as 'boys being boys' e.g. lifting skirts, pulling trousers down

'Normal' or repeated low-level Behaviour incidents to be recorded using ABCDE

- A = Antecedent: What happened before the behaviour / trigger
- B = Behaviour displayed (this should not be the majority of the record)
- C = Consequence for the child
- D = Desired outcome (reflection with the child)
- E = Evaluation: Is there a pattern with the antecedent? What could be done to stop / reduce the behaviour? Was the consequence effective? Could have been done differently?

As a legal record it is very important that behavioural incidents are recorded **factually** on CPOMS. Descriptions of a child's behaviour also only serve one purpose - for teachers/support staff to inform SLT/SMT that a child is struggling. They are not useful in

helping staff to reflect on what else they could be doing differently to support a child's behaviour.

The pastoral lead will be able to view a record of reported incidents to help identify pupils whose behaviour may indicate potential mental health or safeguarding problems. All staff will be alert to changes in a pupil's behaviour that could indicate they need help or protection.

Support, such as targeted discussions with pupils, a phone call with parents, and inquiries into circumstances outside of school by the DSL or phase leaders, will be provided alongside the use of sanctions to prevent the misbehaviour recurring. After an initial incident of negative behaviour, the following sanctions will be considered, with staff using their professional judgement and experience to determine what is appropriate and reasonable:

- Issuing a verbal reprimand and reminder of the expected behaviour
- Setting a written task, such as an account of their behaviour
- Removal of privileges
- Loss of break or lunch for 'reflection time'
- School-based community service, e.g. tidying the classroom

Where a pupil's misbehaviour is causing significant disruption or is deemed serious enough by a staff member, the following procedures will be followed:

- The pupil is sent to their relevant phase leader who will record details of the incident and that pupil had to be referred to them on the school MIS/CPOMS.
- The pastoral lead investigates the incident and decides whether it constitutes unacceptable behaviour.
- If the pastoral lead deems the incident to be unacceptable behaviour, they will record the incident, and record it on the pupil's <u>Behaviour Contract</u> if they have one. The behaviour will also be recorded on the pupil's permanent record.
- Where deemed necessary, e.g. after other behavioural strategies in the classroom have been attempted or the behaviour is so extreme as to warrant immediate removal, the pupil will be removed from the classroom – the pastoral lead will determine the period the pupil will be removed from the classroom, as well as any reflection time.
- The pastoral lead will inform the pupil's parents on the same day, where possible, following a decision to remove their child from the classroom, and invite them to discuss the incident.
- The phase leader may issue the pupil with a yellow card waning which notifies the pupils and parents that their behaviour lead to a referral to the phase lead for one of the following reasons: Failing to show mutual respect towards an adult by refusing to follow instructions; Failing to show respect for our school community by disrupting others learning; Failing to act responsibly; Failing to show mutual respect by using inappropriate language; Failing to be independent and make the right choices.

Following repeated incidents of unacceptable behaviour, the following sanctions will be implemented:

- Where the above is not effective in eliminating poor behaviour the pupil will be sent to the headteacher immediately or, in the headteacher's absence, the most senior member of staff.
- The headteacher will consider whether the pupil should be suspended, in line with the school's Suspension and Exclusion Policy, and will determine the length of the suspension.
- Although unacceptable behaviour does not necessarily mean a pupil has SEND, an assessment will be carried out at this stage to determine whether there are any undiagnosed learning or communication difficulties, or mental health issues that may be contributing to the pupil's behaviour.
- Where a pupil is identified as having SEMH-related difficulties, SEND support will be put in place from the school's national SEND budget.
- Where SEND is not identified, but the headteacher determines that support is still required for the pupil, an Individual Behaviour Plan will be created to outline the necessary provisions in place.
- The head teacher or deputy may issue the pupil with a red card waning which notifies the pupils and parents that their behaviour lead to a referral to the head for one of the following reasons: Failing to show mutual respect towards an adult by refusing to follow instructions; Failing to show respect for our school community by disrupting others learning; Failing to act responsibly; Failing to show mutual respect by using inappropriate language; Failing to be independent and make the right choices.

Following further incidents of unacceptable behaviour, the following sanctions will be implemented:

The headteacher will consider whether a permanent exclusion is necessary, in line with the school's Suspension and Exclusion Policy, alongside alternative options such as a managed move or off-site direction.

For discipline to be lawful, the school will ensure that:

- The decision to discipline a pupil is made by a paid member of school staff, or a member of staff authorised to do so by the headteacher.
- The decision to discipline a pupil is made on the school premises or whilst the pupil is under the charge of a member of staff, such as during an educational trip or visit.
- The decision to discipline a pupil is reasonable and will not discriminate on any grounds, e.g. equality, SEND or human rights.

The school will ensure that all discipline is reasonable in all circumstances, and will consider the pupil's age, religious requirements, SEMH needs, any SEND, and any other contributing factors, e.g. bullying, safeguarding or home life issues.

5. Prevention strategies, intervention, and sanctions for unacceptable behaviour

This section outlines the school's strategies for preventing unacceptable behaviour and initial interventions, minimising the severity of incidents, and using sanctions and support effectively and appropriately to improve pupils' behaviour in the future.

Initial interventions

A range of initial intervention strategies to help pupils manage their behaviour and reduce the likelihood of more severe sanctions will be used. Support will consider the pupil's specific needs and may be delivered outside of the classroom, in small groups or in one-to-one activities. A system will be in place to ensure relevant members of the SLT/SMT and pastoral staff are aware of any pupil that is:

- Persistently misbehaving
- Not improving their behaviour following low-level sanctions
- Displaying a sudden change in behaviour from previous patterns of behaviour

Examples of initial interventions to address misbehaviour will include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Frequently engaging with parents, including home visits where necessary
- Support from learning mentors both within and outside of class
- Providing mentoring and coaching
- Short-term behaviour report cards
- Long-term behaviour plans
- Pupil support units
- Engagement with local partners and agencies
- Where the pupil has SEND, an assessment of whether appropriate provision is in place to support the pupil, and if the pupil has an EHC plan, contact with the LA to consider a review of the plan

A multi-agency assessment, such an early help assessment, that goes beyond a pupil's education will be considered where serious concerns about a pupil's behaviour exist.

Behaviour curriculum

Positive behaviour will be taught to all pupils as part of the behaviour curriculum, in order to enable them to understand what behaviour is expected and encouraged and what is unacceptable. Positive reinforcement will be used by staff where expectations are met to acknowledge good behaviour and encourage repetition. The behaviour curriculum will focus on defining positive behaviour and making it clear what this looks like, including the key habits and routines required by the school, e.g. lining up quietly outside the classroom before a lesson. Pupils will be rewarded for demonstrating good behaviour through team points and Class Dojo points. Additionally, the school Owl awards system will be used in weekly assemblies to reinforce, promote and encourage positive behaviour. Children chosen by class teachers will receive a certificate for demonstrating one of our core values (mutual respect, confidence, responsibility, resilience, community involvement and independence) which support our behaviour curriculum.

Routine will be used to teach and reinforce the expected behaviours of all pupils. Appropriate and reasonable adjustments to routines for pupils with additional needs, e.g.

SEND, will be made. Consistent and clear language will be used when acknowledging positive behaviour and addressing misbehaviour.

Positive teacher-pupil relationships

Positive teacher-pupil relationships are key to combatting unacceptable behaviour. The school will focus heavily on forming positive relationships based on predictability, fairness and trust to allow teachers to understand their pupils and create a strong foundation from which behavioural change can take place.

Preventative measures for pupils with SEND

Behaviour will always be considered in relation to a pupil's SEND. If it is deemed that a pupil's SEND has contributed to their misbehaviour, the school will consider whether it is appropriate and lawful to sanction the pupil.

Where a pupil is identified as having SEND, the graduate approach will be used to assess, plan, deliver and review the impact of support being provided.

The school will aim to anticipate likely triggers of misbehaviour and put in place support to prevent these, taking into account the specific circumstances and requirements of the pupil concerned. Measures the school will implement where appropriate include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Short, planned movement breaks for a pupil whose SEND means they find it difficult to sit still for long
- Ensuring a pupil with visual or hearing impairment is seated in sight of the teacher
- Adjusting uniform requirements for a pupil with sensory issues or relevant medical condition
- Support from learning mentors
- Training for staff in understanding autism and other conditions

De-escalation strategies

Where negative behaviour is present, staff members will implement de-escalation strategies to diffuse the situation. This will include:

- Appearing calm and using a modulated, low tone of voice
- Using simple, direct language.
- Avoiding being defensive, e.g. if comments or insults are directed at the staff member.
- Providing adequate personal space and not blocking a pupil's escape route.
- Showing open, accepting body language, e.g. not standing with their arms crossed.
- Reassuring the pupil and creating an outcome goal.
- Identifying any points of agreement to build a rapport.
- Offering the pupil a face-saving route out of confrontation, e.g. that if they stop the behaviour, then the consequences will be lessened.

- Rephrasing requests made up of negative words with positive phrases, e.g. "if you don't return to your seat, I won't help you with your work" becomes "if you return to your seat, I can help you with your work".
- Recording incidents using A,B,C,D,E to ensure that a restorative approach is consistently used.

Physical intervention

A number of key staff have received Team Teach training. This is an ongoing process and more staff will be trained as and when spaces become available.

If a pupil reaches crisis point and required physical intervention, Team Teach trained staff will respond in a proportionate and necessary way ensuring that pupils and staff are kept safe.

Removal from the classroom

The school may decide to remove pupils from the classroom for a limited period, at the instruction of a member of staff.

The pupil will be moved to a room that is:

- In an appropriate area of the school
- Stocked with appropriate resources
- Suitable to learn and refocus
- Supervised by trained members of staff

The school will only remove pupils from the classroom where absolutely necessary and for the following reasons:

- To maintain the safety of all pupils and restore stability following an unreasonably high level of disruption
- To enable disruptive pupils to be taken to a place where education can continue in a managed environment
- To allow the pupil to regain calm in a safe space

The school will ensure that pupils' health and safety is not compromised during their time away from the classroom, and that any additional requirements, such as SEND needs, are met.

The amount of time that a pupil spends removed from the classroom will be up to the school to decide. This could be for more than one school day. The school will ensure that the pupil is not removed from the classroom any longer than necessary.

The staff member in charge and supervising the pupil will decide what the pupil may and may not do during their time spent removed from the classroom. The headteacher will request that the pupil's class teachers set them appropriate work to complete.

The headteacher will establish a clear process for the reintegration of a pupil who has been removed from the classroom when it is deemed appropriate and safe for them to return. Consideration will be given to what support is needed to help the pupil return and meet the expected standards of behaviour. Reintegration meetings will be held between the school, pupil and their parents, and other agencies if relevant, where necessary.

Pupils will be permitted to eat during the allocated times of the school day and may use the toilet as required.

6. Sexual abuse and discrimination

The school will prohibit all forms of sexual abuse and discrimination, including sexual harassment, gender-based bullying and sexual violence. The school's procedures for handling peer-on-peer sexual abuse and discrimination are detailed in the Child-on-child Abuse Policy. Any incidents will be recorded on the school MIS(CPOMS) under the RSH heading so that they can be tracked and monitored.

The school will respond promptly and appropriately to any sexual harassment complaints in line with the Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy; appropriate steps will be taken to stop the harassment and prevent any reoccurrence. Discipline for incidents of sexual harassment will be determined based on the nature of the case, the ages of those involved and any previous related incidents.

7. Smoking and controlled substances

The school will follow the procedures outlined in its Smoke-free Policy and Pupil Drug and Alcohol Policy when managing behaviour in regard to smoking and nicotine products, legal and illegal drugs, and alcohol.

In accordance with the Health Act 2006, the school is a smoke-free environment. Parents, visitors, staff and pupils will be instructed not to smoke on school grounds. Pupils will not be permitted to bring smoking materials or nicotine products to school.

The school will have a zero-tolerance policy on illegal drugs, legal highs and other controlled substances. Where incidents with pupils related to controlled substances occur, the school will follow the procedures outlined in the Pupil Drug and Alcohol Policy and Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy.

8. Effective classroom management

Well-managed classrooms are paramount to preventing disruptive and unacceptable behaviour. Effective classroom management will allow staff to:

- Start the year with clear sets of rules and routines that are understood by all pupils.
- Establish agreed rewards and positive reinforcements.
- Establish sanctions for misbehaviour.
- Establish clear responses for handling behavioural problems.
- Encourage respect and development of positive relationships.
- Make effective use of the physical space available.
- Have well-planned lessons with a range of activities to keep pupils stimulated.

Subject to reasonable adjustments, e.g. those made for pupils whose SEND may affect their behaviour, pupils will be expected to follow the school Pupil Code of Conduct, which requires pupils to:

• Conduct themselves around the school premises in a safe, sensible and respectful manner.

- Arrive to lessons on time and fully prepared.
- Follow reasonable instructions given by staff.
- Behave in a reasonable and polite manner towards all staff and pupils.
- Show respect for the opinions and beliefs of others.
- Complete classwork as requested.
- Hand in homework at the time requested.
- Report unacceptable behaviour.
- Show respect for the school environment.

Classroom rules and routines

The school will have an established set of clear, comprehensive and enforceable classroom rules which define what is acceptable behaviour and what the consequences are if rules are not adhered to. Attention is given to how rules are worded, such as the use of positive language rather than negative, e.g. "act respectfully towards your peers and teachers", rather than "do not act disrespectfully towards your peers and teachers".

The school will also have an established set of classroom routines to help pupils work well, in the understanding that behavioural problems can arise due to the lack of a consistent routine. This includes teachers ensuring that before lessons begin, they have the full attention of all pupils, then explaining the task clearly so all pupils understand what they are supposed to be doing.

The headteacher will ensure all teachers understand classroom rules and routines and how to enforce them, including any sanctions for not following the rules.

Teachers will support pupils to understand and follow classroom rules and routines. Teachers will inform pupils of classroom rules and routines at the beginning of the academic year and revisit these daily. Where appropriate, teachers will explain the rationale behind the rules and routines to help pupils understand why they are needed, and will model rules and routines to ensure pupils understand them. Teachers will also explain clearly to pupils what will happen if they breach any classroom rules to ensure pupils are aware of the sanctions that may be imposed.

To support pupils' continued awareness and understanding of classroom rules and routines, teachers will reinforce them in a range of ways, e.g. placing posters of the rules on classroom walls and providing regular verbal reminders of the routines. Teachers will also ensure that classroom rules and routines remain consistent and are practised throughout the year to create a more productive and enjoyable environment.

At the beginning of the school year, once the classroom rules have been devised, pupils will be provided with a Classroom Rules Agreement which they are required to read and sign. All rules outlined in the Classroom Rules Agreement are applicable to pupils' behaviour elsewhere on the school premises and outside of the school – teachers will ensure that pupils understand this.

For younger pupils, parents will read the Classroom Rules Agreement with their child and sign it on their behalf.

The classroom environment

The school understands that a well-structured classroom environment is paramount to preventing poor behaviour. This includes the teacher positioning themselves effectively within the classroom, e.g. wherever possible, teachers avoid standing with their backs to pupils and ensure they have full view of the room at all times.

Teachers will employ strategic seating arrangements to prevent poor behaviour and enable it to be noticed early, such as:

- Seating those who frequently model poor behaviour closest to, and facing, the teacher.
- Seating those who frequently model poor behaviour away from each other.
- Ensuring the teacher can see pupils' faces, that pupils can see one another, and that they can see the board.
- Ensuring the teacher can move around the room so that behaviour can be monitored effectively.

Praise and rewards

The school will recognise that praise is key to making pupils feel valued and ensuring that their work and efforts are celebrated. When giving praise, teachers will ensure:

- They define the behaviour that is being rewarded.
- The praise is given immediately following the desired behaviour.
- The way in which the praise is given is varied.
- Praise is related to effort, rather than only to work produced.
- Perseverance and independence are encouraged.
- Praise is only given when a pupil's efforts, work or behaviour need to be recognised, rather than continuously without reason.
- The praise given is always sincere and is not followed with immediate criticism.

Whilst it is important to receive praise from teachers, the school understands that peer praise is also effective for creating a positive, fun and supportive environment. Teachers will encourage pupils to praise one another, and praise another pupil to the teacher, if they see them modelling good behaviour.

As with praise, the school understands that providing rewards after certain behaviour means that pupils are more likely to model the same behaviour again. For rewards to be effective, the school recognises that they need to be:

- Immediate immediately rewarded following good behaviour.
- **Consistent** consistently rewarded to maintain the behaviour.
- Achievable keeping rewards achievable to maintain attention and motivation.

• Fair – making sure all pupils are fairly rewarded.

Rewards for good behaviour will include, but are not limited to:

- Verbal praise
- Communicating praise to parents
- Certificates, prize ceremonies and special assemblies
- Positions of responsibility, e.g. being entrusted with a particular project
- Trips and activities for a whole-class or year group

At New Brighton Primary we will reward children through Class Dojo and House Team points to reinforce and celebrate positive behaviour. We also use our school Owl awards which reflect and reinforce our values and ethos as a weekly reward in praise assemblies for those children who have demonstrated them. When class teachers discuss behaviour with children either when dealing with poor behaviour or celebrating good behaviour they will reference our six values: Independence, Mutual respect, Resilience, Confidence, Community Involvement and Responsibility.

9. Behaviour outside of school premises

Pupils at the school must agree to represent the school in a positive manner. The guidance laid out in the Pupil Code of Conduct will apply both inside school and out in the wider community, particularly if the pupil is dressed in school uniform.

Staff can discipline pupils for misbehaviour outside of the school premises, including conduct online, when the pupil is:

- Wearing school uniform.
- Travelling to or from school.
- Taking part in any school-related activity.
- In any way identifiable as being a pupil at the school.

Staff may also discipline pupils for misbehaviour outside the school premises, including conduct online, that:

- Could negatively affect the reputation of the school.
- Could pose a threat to another pupil, a member of staff at the school, or a member of the public.
- Could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school.

Any bullying witnessed outside of the school premises and reported to the school will be dealt with in accordance with the Anti-bullying Policy.

The school will impose the same sanctions for bullying incidents and non-criminal misbehaviour witnessed or reported outside of the school premises as would be imposed for the same behaviour conducted on school premises. In all cases of unacceptable behaviour outside of the school premises, staff will only impose sanctions once the pupil has returned to the school premises or when under the supervision of a member of staff.

Complaints from members of the public about the behaviour of pupils from the school are taken very seriously and will be dealt with in accordance with the Complaints Procedures Policy.

10. Data collection and behaviour evaluation

The school will collect data from the following sources:

- Behaviour incident data, including on removal from the classroom
- Attendance, permanent exclusion and suspension data
- Use of pupil support units, off-site directions and managed moves
- Incidents of searching, screening and confiscation
- Anonymous surveys for staff, pupils, governors, and other stakeholders on their perceptions and experiences of the school behaviour culture

The data will be monitored and objectively analysed termly by the headteacher and the SLT. Attempts will be made to identify possible factors contributing to the behaviour, any system problems or inadequacies with existing support. The data will also be analysed considering the protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010 to inform school policies and practice.

11. Monitoring and review

This policy will be reviewed by the headteacher and senior mental health lead on an annual basis; they will make any necessary changes and communicate these to all members of staff and relevant stakeholders.

This policy will be made available for Ofsted inspections and reviews by the lead inspector, upon request.

The next scheduled review date for this policy is October 2025.

Appendix 1:

Behaviour Contract

Section 1 – agreement

This contract is a written agreement between you and your teacher. The aim is to identify clear goals for you and support you in the classroom to improve your behaviour. Once this contract is in place, you should do everything you can to stick to your goals.

Pupil name:	Date:
My goals	
∑ <u>1</u>	
2 <u>2</u>	
× ∧	
537	
STOP	To prevent my challenging behaviour, I can:
1	
2	

HELP	When I demonstrate challenging behaviour, you can help me by:
1	
2	
X	These are the consequences if I don't meet my goals:
	These are the rewards if I meet my goals:
<u>-</u>	
My contrac	t will be reviewed on <u>date</u>
Pupil signa	ture:
Teacher sig	nature:

Appendix 2:

Behaviour escalation procedures (child-version):

Pre-Stage 1: Reminder of Expectations		
1	Verbal Warning	Low-level disruption Swinging on chair, calling out, answering back or disrupting the learning of others. Lack of respect for school property.
2	5-minute reflection during next break	Continuing low-level disruption Not responding to your verbal warning.
3	*10-minute reflection We might need to speak with home	Inappropriate behaviour or language that was unintended Swearing (with no understanding of meaning), any form of discrimination Low-level physical contact Pushing to get somewhere. Irritating physical contact e.g. tapping someone repeatedly. Deliberate damage to school property or resources
		Third 10-minute reflection in 1 week Physical contact but you didn't mean to hurt the other person

4	*Move to another class + 10-minute reflection We will speak with home	Physical contact but you didn't mean to hurt the other person e.g. Pushing to the front and someone falls over Damage to school property or resources that cannot be easily fixed e.g. sawing the table with a ruler, graffiti Refusal to follow an adult's instructions
5	*Visit to Miss Ryder, <u>Mrs</u> Plant or <u>Mr</u> Jones <i>You will miss your next break</i> We will speak with home and may issue yellow card.	Intentional inappropriate behaviour or use of language Swearing or any form of discrimination Physical violence that intentionally causes harm Punching, kicking, fighting, push and/or pulling with deliberate force Lasting damage to school building, property or resources IT equipment, windows etc.

6	*Visit to Mr Jones/Mrs Elsender We will speak with home. Red card may be issued.	After two visits to the Phase Leader in 1 week
7	Visit to Headteacher We will speak with home. Red card may be issued.	Further red or amber incidents even after visiting Deputy Headteacher.

Staff Behaviour Ladder Guide

Pre-Stage 1: Reminder of Expectations		
<u>Stage 1</u> Verbal Warning Using language of choice (you can choose A or B)	Class teacher	<u>Stage 1</u> Low-level disruptive behaviour/actions: E.g. swinging on a chair, answering back/calling out, disrupting the learning of others around them or lack of
Stage 2	Class	respect for school property (not exhaustive list) <u>Stage 2</u>
5-minute reflection time in the classroom during next break. Note on CPOMS	teacher	Repeated stage 1 behaviours within the same 'session'

Stage 3 10-minute reflection with class teacher in the classroom during next available break, using the restorative practice. Judgement call from Class Teacher as to whether Parent/Carer should be spoken to Note on CPOM5.	Class teacher	Stage 3 Repetition of previous stage behaviours Repeated stage 1 behaviours over multiple sessions within the school day OR Use of inappropriate language and/or behaviour (without intent) verbally/online/written * E.g. Swearing OR Physical contact: E.g. Pushing others roughly to get somewhere, repeatedly tapping someone on the head etc or overly-rough play. OR Deliberate damage to school resources: E.g. snapped pencil, bent ruler
Stage 4 Move to another phase teacher for a minimum of 10 minutes. Then follow stage 3 sanctions with child's class teacher If at break/lunchtime, take a minimum of 10 minutes reflection, then the teacher of the teacher. If after school, take a minimum 10 minutes out of activity for reflection time, then the teacher. Conversation with parent/carer. Note on CPOM5, Phase leader issue yellow card. NB: no child should be stood outside of class alone.	Class Teacher in the same phase	Stage 4 After two Stage3 x reflections during a week OR Repetition of previous stage behaviours OR Physical Contact that causes unintentional harm * E.g. a stage 3 behaviour where someone gets hurt, pushing to the front of the line and someone is hurt, shoving past and someone falling over NB: conversation with parent/carer of injured party OR Lasting deliberate damage to school resources: E.g. sawing the edge of the table, graffiti OR Refusal to follow instructions from an adult
	10-minute reflection with class teacher in the classroom during next available break, using the restorative practice. Judgement call from Class Teacher as to whether Parent/Carer should be spoken to Note on CPOMS. <u>Stare 4</u> Move to another phase teacher for a minimum of 10 minutes. Then follow stage 3sanctions with child's class teacher If at break/lunchtime, take a minimum of 10 minutes reflection, the use restorative practice. If at break/lunchtime, take a minimum 10 minutes out of archiver practice the next day with child's class teacher. Conversation with parent/carer. Note on CPOM5, Phase leader issue yellow card.	10-minute reflection with class teacher in the classroom during next available break, using the restorative practice. teacher Judgement call from Class Teacher as to whether Parent/Carer should be spoken to Note on CPOMS. Note on CPOMS. Class Move to another phase teacher for a minimum of 10 minutes. Teacher Then follow stage 3sanctions with child's class teacher In the same phase If at break/lunchtime, take a minimum of 10 minutes or effection, they use restorative practice. If after school, take a minimum 10 minutes out of activity for reflection time, they use restorative practice the next day with child's class teacher. Conversation with parent/carer. Conversation with parent/carer.

Stage 5	Phase	Stage 5
Visit to the Phase Leader for restorative practice	leader	Continued repetition of previous stage behaviours-everything Stage 5 and above needs to be logged (
If at break/lunchtime, reflective time for the remainder of the session, then use restorative		CPOMS
practice board		OR
(minimum sanction would be to miss the following		Intentional use of inappropriate language and/or behaviour verbally/online/written:
break or lunch)		Eg. Swearing or theft
		OR
Ifafter school, reflective time for the remainder of		Physical violence that intentionally causes harm: E.g. Punching, kicking, biting, pushing and/or pulling with deliberate force
the session then use restorative practice board the		c.g. Policining, kicking, olding, pushing and/or polining with deliberate force
next day with child's class teacher (miss the following session)		Significant deliberate damage to school resources:
Session		E.g. IT equipment, building damage i.e. windows etc.
Conversation with parent/carer		OR
Note on CPOMS. Phase leader issues yellow card.		SLT alerted at Stage 5:
		E.g. depending on seriousness of incident, may be escalated to Stage 6 or even Stage 7
Stage 6	SLT	Stage 6
Visit to a member of SLT		A second Stage 5 incident in the same week
(Assistant Head/Deputy Head/SENDCO)		OR Use of inappropriate language and/or behaviour verbally/online/written:
Conversation with parent/carer.		E.g. sexualised, homophobic, transphobic, sexist, racist and any other discriminatory language
Issue redicard.		
Stage 7	Heads	Stage 7
Visit to Headteacher.		Further Stage 5 incidents following Stage 6 intervention
Conversation with parent/carer.		
Note on CPOMS issue red card		

Special Note In extreme circumstances a pupil may be excluded from school either for a fixed period or permanently. New Brighton Primary would only consider exclusion in extreme circumstances when all other approaches to behaviour management have failed. A pupil could be excluded, although not necessarily, under the following circumstances:

- . where there is enough evidence that the pupil has committed a serious one-off offence.
- where the pupil is accused of a serious criminal offence away from school and the headteachers, in the best interests of the pupil and others in school, feel that they should be educated off site for a period of time. .
- where allowing the pupil to remain in school would seriously harm the education or welfare of the pupil or others in the school.

Lunchtime behaviour escalation:

Pupil misbehaves.	STEP 1. Lunch supervisor reminds pupil of behaviour expectations.
Pupil continues to misbehave.	STEP 2. Lunch supervisor reminds pupil again and warns if there is a repeat they will be sent in to Dee.
Pupil continues to misbehave.	<u>STEP 3.</u> Pupil sent to Dee. Dee gives final warning. Judges whether to escalate further to phase leader or allow pupil back on to the yard
Pupil continues to misbehave.	STEP 4. Pupil referred straight to Dee and their phase leader.

More extreme behaviour: Fighting,	Pupils referred straight to Dee and then
Racial, Sexual or Homophobic language.	on to the relevant phase leader.

Note: At the end of lunch, lunch supervisors should inform the class teacher on the yard of any children who have repeatedly misbehaved so that this can be passed on to their teacher who will decide on the appropriate consequences.